Cool simulation video first
Why Simulate?

Design

Test Model Scenarios

Test Robustness

Faster than real life, cheaper

Motion Planning, online estimation

As an educational tool, adds additional introspection, cases/visualization not possible in real life
Gazebo simulator in DARPA challenge

Used for testing algorithms, teleop strategies

1st round of DARPA qualifiers in simulation only
Intuitive Training

Training for user operation of robot

Can allow for haptic input

Can run indefinitely, no permanent damage...
SAI2
(Simulation and Active Interfaces)
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Simulation Components

Articulated Rigid Body Modeling - Kinematics

Geometric Processing - Represent of objects and their relationships with point clouds, polygons, etc.

Dynamics - physics integration, collision resolution

Graphics - visualization, introspection
Demo sai2-common Pbot

Go over cpp code
URDF

XML specifying robot parameters, simulation parameters, graphics parameters

Syntax spec: http://wiki.ros.org/urdf/XML

Show pbot example in sai2-common
CS225A Architecture

3 Separate Applications

- Controller, Simulator, Visualizer
- Operating independently
- Can run on separate computers

Robot state is shared through Redis
Demo KUKA Position Controller
SAI2 Robots

Framework is flexible and allows for any robots and any worlds

- Specified through URDF (XML) file

Robot kinematics information provided in Model::ModelInterface

- Encourage you to read header files and study hw0 code well
- Will definitely help you for the final project
- Most of the functions you need for your controllers are in sai2-common/src/model/ModelInterface.h
Go over ModelInterface headerfile
Controller

Reads in robot sensor values \((q, dq)\), and publishes output torques

- Needs to know tasks/jacobians, positional information, outside data, mass and coupling information for feedback linearization (unit mass decoupling).
  - Small aside on feedback linearization and “b” component?
- Needs to know how to control robot
- Joint space, op space, null space control
- Most of your code will be in here

\[
\Gamma_{\text{command}} = \hat{M}(q)(-K_p(q - q_d) - K_v(\dot{q} - \dot{q}_d)) + \hat{V}(q, \dot{q}) + \hat{G}(q)
\]
Simulator

Takes current state \((q, \dot{q})\) and commanded torques, and performs a physics integration to next time step. Outputs next \((q, \dot{q})\)

- Does so on a very steady rate, can introduce simulation errors
- Might add or remove energy from system if numerical integration is poor

Can resolve contact forces or external forces

Physical robot + nature replaces simulator in real life

- Robot drivers take in torque commands and output sensor \((q, \dot{q})\) values

\[ M(q)\ddot{q} + V(q, \dot{q}) + G(q) = \Gamma_{\text{command}} \]
Visualizer

Displays robot in the environment

- Reads joint positions (q)
- Updates with specified rate

Lights, cameras, meshes

- In world or robot urdf file

Can apply external forces through interaction
Controller

Simulator

Visualizer

Redis

Torques

Sensors( q, dq)

URDF Model

Sensors( q, dq)

Sensors(q)

Torques

Visualizer
Redis

Key-Value Database:

- **redis-server**
  - Runs as daemon
  - Can choose port to run on (6379 by default): `redis-server --port 6379`

- **redis-cli**
  - List all keys: `keys *`
  - Set key value: `set key val`
  - Get key value: `get key`
  - Monitor transactions: `monitor`
  - Delete key: `del key`
  - Delete all keys: `flushall`
  - Can interact over the network: `redis-cli -h <ip address> -p <port>`
Redis Demo

Show redis cli, keys and values

Show redis usage in visualizer/simulation

   Show cli usage (open right robot)

Show hw0 redis keys
Workshop: HW0 setup